

**Pruebas para la obtención de títulos de Técnico y Técnico Superior**

*Convocatoria correspondiente al curso 2024 - 2025*

*(Resolución de 19 de diciembre de 2024 de la Dirección General de Educación Secundaria, Formación Profesional y Régimen Especial)*

DATOS DEL ALUMNO			FIRMA
APELLIDOS:			
Nombre:	D.N.I. N.I.E. o Pasaporte:	Fecha:	

Código del ciclo: <b>AGAS02</b>	Denominación completa del título: <b>TÉCNICO SUPERIOR EN GESTIÓN FORESTAL Y DEL MEDIO NATURAL</b>
Clave o código del módulo: <b>14</b>	Denominación completa del módulo profesional: <b>LENGUA EXTRANJERA PROFESIONAL (INGLÉS)</b>

INSTRUCCIONES GENERALES PARA LA REALIZACIÓN DE LA PRUEBA
El examen consiste en cuatro partes; Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading y Writing. Lea los enunciados atentamente y siga las instrucciones para cada pregunta. Conteste en inglés a todas las preguntas.

CRITERIOS DE CALIFICACIÓN Y VALORACIÓN
Cada pregunta tiene el valor que viene indicado entre paréntesis al final de cada enunciado. Cada parte del examen tendrá un peso del 25%. Vocabulary 25% Grammar 25% Reading 25% Writing 25%



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CALIFICACIÓN
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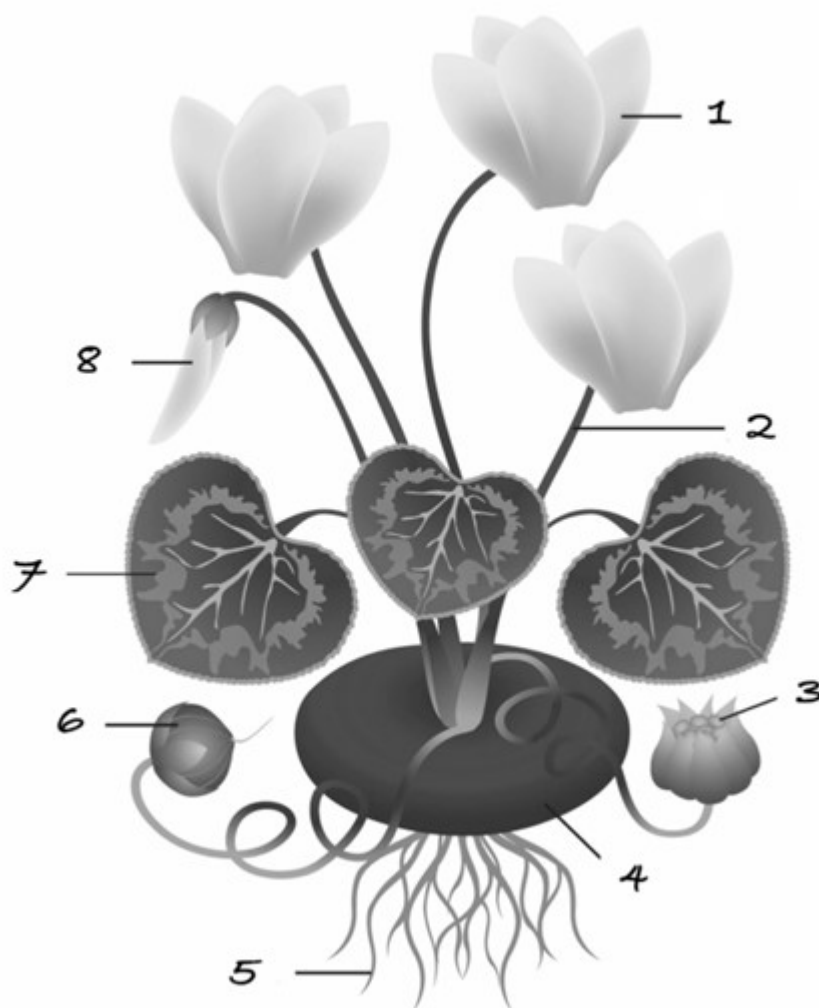
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CONTENIDO DE LA PRUEBA:

## VOCABULARY

1. Look at the plant below and label its parts using the words in the box.  
(8 points)

bud	bulb/tuber	flower	fruit/berry
leaf	roots	seeds	stem/stalk



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**2. Fill in the gaps in the text with the words found in the box below. (10 points)**

bark (n)      crowns (n)      deciduous (adj)      decomposers (n)  
diseases (n)      mosses (n)      polluted (adj)      roots (n)  
shades (v)      sunlight (n)

Trees are the tallest and most important plants in the forest. Their \_\_\_\_\_ form a forest canopy that \_\_\_\_\_ the plants growing below. The canopy reduces the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ that reaches the forest floor. Only in \_\_\_\_\_ forests in spring, when trees are still leafless, can such plants get more light. Fortunately, not all plants need a lot of light to grow. Some of them prefer moist and shady areas, e.g. ferns and \_\_\_\_\_, which can sometimes be seen on tree trunks. Tree \_\_\_\_\_ may also be covered by lichens - organisms that are only present when air is not \_\_\_\_\_. Lichens consist of algae and fungi that live in a symbiotic relationship.

Fungi cannot produce their food as plants can, so they form a symbiotic relationship with algae or tree \_\_\_\_\_ (mycorrhiza). Other fungi that cannot do it have to find food somewhere else. As a result, some of them attack trees and cause plant \_\_\_\_\_. Fortunately, not all fungi are harmful. They can also act as \_\_\_\_\_ or be picked and used to cook tasty food.

**3. Circle the correct answer to each question. There is only one correct answer. (10 points)**

**1. Which of the following animals is a mammal?**

- A) Partridge
- B) Lizard
- C) Beaver
- D) Adder

**2. Which animal is known for having a spiny coat and curling into a ball for protection?**

- A) Marmot
- B) Chamois



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- C) Hedgehog  
D) Fox
- 

**3. What term describes an animal that eats only plants?**

- A) Carnivorous  
B) Omnivorous  
C) Herbivorous  
D) Predatory
- 

**4. The fox is best described as which type of eater?**

- A) Herbivorous  
B) Omnivorous  
C) Carnivorous  
D) Insectivorous
- 

**5. Which of the following animals is classified as a rodent?**

- A) Lynx  
B) Beaver  
C) Owl  
D) Chamois
- 

**6. Which bird is known for storing shiny objects in its nest?**

- A) Owl  
B) Partridge  
C) Magpie  
D) Woodpecker
- 

**7. What physical feature is typically associated with a chamois?**

- A) Horn  
B) Shell



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- C) Tail fin  
D) Trunk
- 

**8. Which of these is an amphibian?**

- A) Toad  
B) Lizard  
C) Adder  
D) Magpie
- 

**9. What kind of animal is the adder?**

- A) Mammal  
B) Amphibian  
C) Reptile  
D) Bird
- 

**10. Which animal is considered a predator and has sharp eyesight and silent flight?**

- A) Deer  
B) Owl  
C) Partridge  
D) Hedgehog

**GRAMMAR**

**1. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of each verb. (10 points)**

1. Scientists \_\_\_\_\_ (warn) about the effects of deforestation for decades.
2. By the end of this century, the Amazon rainforest \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) a significant portion of its biodiversity if current trends continue.

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3. While we \_\_\_\_\_ (hike) through the forest, we suddenly heard the call of a howler monkey.
4. Many species \_\_\_\_\_ (not/discover) yet due to the rainforest's vast and unexplored regions.
5. When I return to the area next year, researchers \_\_\_\_\_ (study) the same endangered frog species.
6. The local communities \_\_\_\_\_ (depend) on the rainforest for food, medicine, and shelter for generations.
7. Deforestation \_\_\_\_\_ (accelerate) rapidly since illegal logging became more common.
8. If governments had acted sooner, they \_\_\_\_\_ (prevent) much of the damage already done.
9. By this time next year, the organization \_\_\_\_\_ (plant) over a million trees in deforested areas.
10. At the moment, conservationists \_\_\_\_\_ (analyze) satellite images to monitor forest loss.

**2.Fill in the gaps in the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets or the most appropriate word (eg. article, preposition, modal etc.) (10 points)**

Deforestation remains one of the most pressing environmental challenges humanity \_\_\_\_\_ (face) in the 21st century. Vast areas of forest \_\_\_\_\_ (clear) annually to make way for agriculture, infrastructure, and industrial expansion.

In recent decades, numerous studies \_\_\_\_\_ (highlight) the severe consequences of forest loss. Apart from contributing to climate change, deforestation disrupts ecosystems, threatens species with extinction, and negatively affects indigenous populations who rely on \_\_\_\_\_ natural surroundings.

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In many cases, authorities \_\_\_\_\_ (fail) to implement effective regulations, and illegal logging operations continue to expand. More resources and attention \_\_\_\_\_ (need) to enforce environmental laws more strictly.

Forests serve as major carbon sinks, absorbing carbon dioxide from \_\_\_\_\_ atmosphere and helping to regulate global temperatures. Without immediate action, the damage already done \_\_\_\_\_ (be) difficult—if not impossible—to reverse.

Some efforts \_\_\_\_\_ (make) in recent years to promote sustainable forestry practices, but progress remains slow. Greater collaboration between governments, NGOs, and local communities \_\_\_\_\_ (be) essential to protect remaining forest areas.

### 3. Complete these conditional sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. (10 points)

1. If an animal \_\_\_\_\_ (not/find) enough food, it often migrates to another area.
2. If people \_\_\_\_\_ (stop) hunting endangered species, many of them would still be alive today.
3. If we continue destroying natural habitats, we \_\_\_\_\_ (see) even more species go extinct.
4. If the park rangers \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) a few minutes earlier, they could have saved the injured leopard.
5. If I had the chance, I \_\_\_\_\_ (volunteer) at a wildlife rescue center in Africa.
6. If sea turtles \_\_\_\_\_ (hatch) during the day, they are more likely to be eaten by predators.
7. If governments had invested in conservation earlier, the population of rhinos \_\_\_\_\_ (be) much higher now.
8. If we don't act quickly, we \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) some of the planet's most iconic animals.



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9. Poachers would hunt less if harsher penalties \_\_\_\_\_ (be) enforced.
10. If you ever \_\_\_\_\_ (see) a snow leopard in the wild, you're incredibly lucky – they're extremely rare.

## READING (10 points)

### Rainforests 101 | National Geographic

Rainforests, the oldest living ecosystems on Earth, boast a lineage stretching back over 70 million years, a time when dinosaurs roamed the planet. While those behemoths have vanished, rainforests continue to thrive, flourishing on every continent except Antarctica. These verdant landscapes are broadly classified into two distinct types: temperate and tropical.

Temperate rainforests, typically found in mid-latitude regions, often cling to cooler, coastal, and mountainous areas. In contrast, tropical rainforests dominate warmer climates, nestled between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.

As their names suggest, both temperate and tropical rainforests are characterized by their exceptional rainfall, receiving up to 33 feet of precipitation annually. This constant deluge fuels the creation of a lush and incredibly diverse habitat. Despite covering only 6% of the Earth's surface, rainforests are home to over half of the planet's plant and animal species. This staggering biodiversity translates into a wealth of benefits that extend far beyond the rainforest's boundaries. Rainforest plants provide an array of food sources, as well as ingredients for everyday products and life-saving medicines. In fact, an estimated 70% of plants used in cancer treatments are found exclusively within these ecosystems.

On a global scale, rainforests play a crucial role in stabilizing the planet's climate. Their dense, verdant vegetation acts as a natural thermostat, regulating global temperatures by absorbing massive amounts of solar radiation. They also serve as a vital carbon sink, absorbing vast quantities of carbon dioxide and converting it into oxygen, contributing approximately 40% of the planet's breathable air.

However, over the past few centuries, rainforests have faced a devastating decline. Economic disparities, human development, and the insatiable demand for natural



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resources have fueled the rampant deforestation of these precious ecosystems. At the current rate of destruction, rainforests, which have endured for over 70 million years, could vanish entirely within the next century.

But hope remains. Through educational campaigns, sustainable logging practices, and collaborative efforts with local communities, the tide of deforestation may begin to turn. By working together, we can preserve these vital ecosystems for generations to come.

**Answer the following questions using complete sentences.**

**1. What are the two main types of rainforests and how do they differ in terms of their location and climate?**

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**2. What is the significance of rainforests in terms of their contribution to the planet's biodiversity?**

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**3. What is the role of rainforests in mitigating climate change?**

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**4. What is the significance of rainforests in terms of their contribution to medicine?**

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**5. What is the historical significance of rainforests, and how does this connect to their current vulnerability?**

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### WRITING (10 points)

1. Write an email in response to a recent job post you have seen advertised online. Include qualifications, previous work experience and any skills that you believe to be relevant. (150 words approx.)

You will be given a piece of paper so you can draft your writing, but it will not be corrected. Your final answer must be written on the following page of this exam paper.

**Forest Planner - Forestry and Land Scotland**

We're looking for Forest Planners to work closely with other teams and specialists to design sustainable forests of the future, protect and restore semi-natural habitats, respond to climate change and enhance our landscapes.



Forestry and  
Land Scotland  
Coilltearachd agus  
Fearann Alba



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